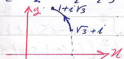


1)  $I_1 = \int_{\gamma} z dz$  ;  $\gamma(t) = 2e^{it}$  ;  $t \in [\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{3}]$  تمارين

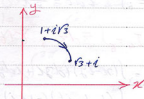
$I_1 = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (2e^{it})(2ie^{it}) dt$   
 $= 4i \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{2it} dt = 2i [e^{2it}]_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} = 2[-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i - (-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i)]$

$I_1 = -2$   
 ولناخذ المسار نفسه لكن بالاتجاه الآخر



2)  $I_2 = \int_{\gamma} z dz$  ;  $\gamma(t) = 2e^{i(\frac{\pi}{2}-t)}$  ;  $t \in [\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{3}]$

$I_2 = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (2e^{i(\frac{\pi}{2}-t)})(2ie^{i(\frac{\pi}{2}-t)}) dt$   
 $= -4i \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{2i(\frac{\pi}{2}-t)} dt = -2 [e^{2i(\frac{\pi}{2}-t)}]_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}}$   
 $= 2[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i] = 2$



3)  $I_3 = \int_{\gamma} z dz$  : وهو الخط المتكسر الذي يربط النقاط  $0, 1+i, 2$  في الترتيب

نقسم  $\gamma$  إلى مسارين  $\gamma_1, \gamma_2$  حيث

$\gamma_1(t) = t + it$  ;  $t \in [0, 1]$

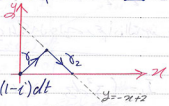
$\gamma_2(t) = t + i(2-t)$  ;  $t \in [1, 2]$

$I_3 = \int_{\gamma_1} z dz + \int_{\gamma_2} z dz$  ومنه

$I_3 = \int_0^1 (t+it)(1+i) dt + \int_1^2 (t+i(2-t))(1-i) dt$   
 $= (1+i) [\frac{t^2}{2} + i \frac{t^2}{2}]_0^1 + (1-i) [\frac{t^2}{2} + i(2t - \frac{t^2}{2})]_1^2$

$I_3 = 2$

#



$\gamma(t) = ze^{it}; t \in [0, 2\pi]$

تحريف بعض

$|\int_{\gamma} \frac{e^{iz}}{z^2-i} dz| \leq \frac{4}{3} \pi e^2$

اينما ان

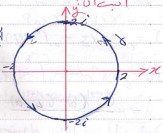
الكله نلاحظ ان لا صفوي دائرة مركزها المبدأ

$L(\gamma) = 4\pi$  ونصف قطرها 2 وبالتالي

$\forall z \in \gamma: |z| = 2$  كذلك

$\forall z \in \gamma: |z^2-i| \geq ||z|^2-1| = 4-1=3$

$\forall z \in \gamma: \frac{1}{|z^2-i|} \leq \frac{1}{3}$  وبالتالي



$\forall z \in \gamma: |e^{iz}| = |e^{i(x+iy)}| = |e^{-y+ix}|$  وكذلك  
 $= |e^{-y} \cdot e^{ix}| = |e^{-y}| \cdot |e^{ix}| = e^{-y} \cdot 1 = e^{-y} \leq e^2$

$\forall z \in \gamma: \left| \frac{e^{iz}}{z^2-i} \right| \leq \frac{e^2}{3}$  وبالتالي

$|\int_{\gamma} \frac{e^{iz}}{z^2-i} dz| \leq \frac{4}{3} \pi e^2$  ونلاحظ ان حواس التكاملات المتدريج يكون #

①  $I_1 = \int_{\gamma} z dz; \gamma = [1, 1+2i, 2+2i]$

وظيفة

②  $I_2 = \int_{\gamma} z dz; \gamma(t) = e^{it} - 1; t \in [0, 2\pi]$

③  $|\int_{\gamma} z e^z dz| < 2e; \gamma(t) = t+it; t \in [0, 1]$

انتبهت الى هذه النقطة