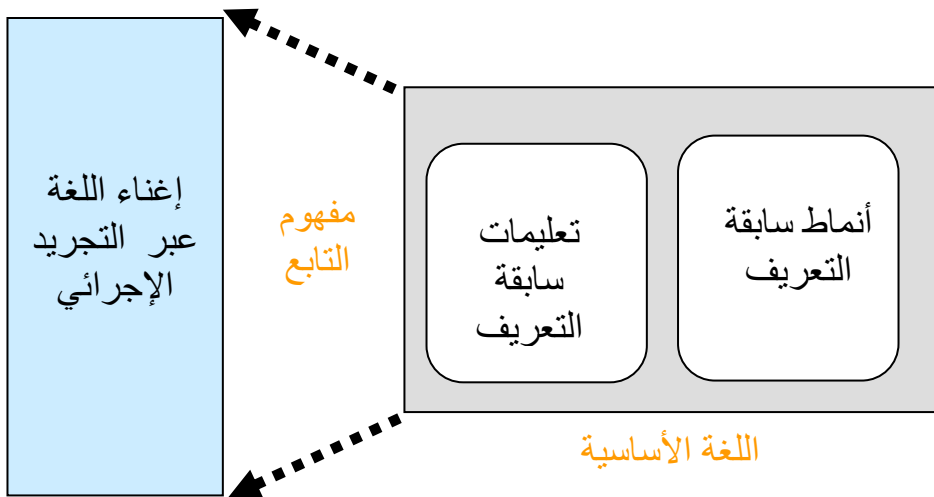


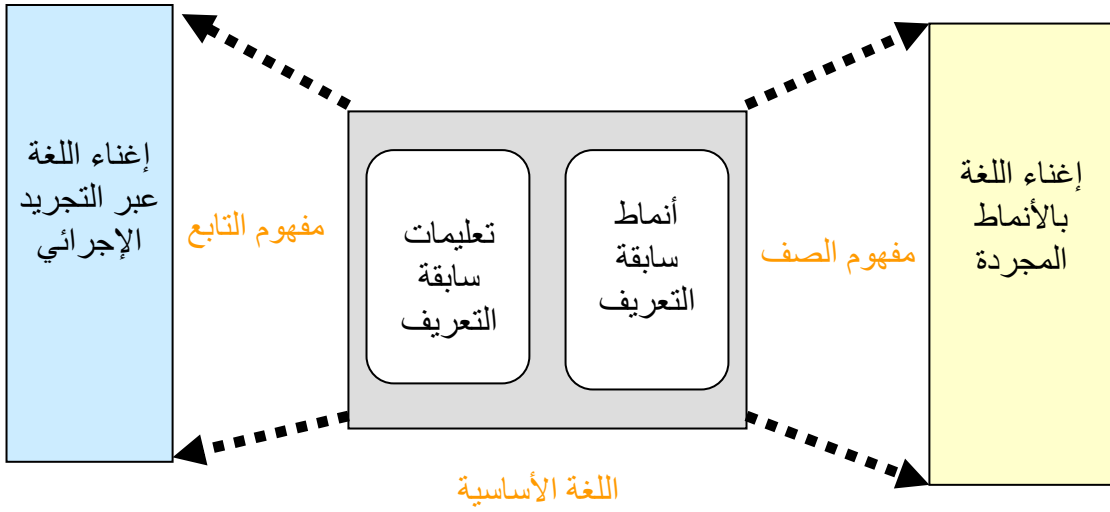
C++

C++

procedural abstraction



.abstract data types



C++

.class

:

(int, char,...)

:

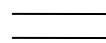




.state

.encapsulation

behavior



+

=

(members)

Public
Private

Class

()
()
)

instantiation

.()
.(C++

:

" ")
" ")

.(

} {

class

Time

:

: Time

```
1 class Time {  
2 public:  
3     Time();  
4     void setTime( int, int, int );  
5     void printMilitary();  
6     void printStandard();  
7 private:  
8     int hour; // 0 - 23  
9     int minute; // 0 - 59  
10    int second; // 0 - 59  
11 };
```

محددات للنفاذ إلى الأعضاء

تتابع أعضاء member function
Time هو الباني constructor

المعطيات الأعضاء data members

:

:Constructors

:Destructor

:Accessors

:Modifiers

private ()

/

:""

public

private

public private

public private

/

.public

private

};

“ :: ”

::

private public

:

```
returnType ClassName::MemberFunctionName(){  
    ...  
}
```

scope resolution operator

binary scope resolution operator

(::)

)

.(

:

```
Time sunset,           // object of type Time  
arrayOfTimes[5];      // array of Time objects
```

.(.)

.(... sin(x) pow(x,n))

: **Time**

```

1 // Time class.
2 #include <iostream>
3
4 using std::cout;
5 using std::endl;
6
7 // Time abstract data type (ADT) definition
8 class Time {
9 public:
10     Time(); // constructor
11     void setTime( int, int, int ); // set hour, minute,
12     void printMilitary(); // print military time
13     void printStandard(); // print standard time format
14 private:
15     int hour; // 0 - 23
16     int minute; // 0 - 59
17     int second; // 0 - 59
18 };
19
20 // Time constructor initializes each data member to zero.
21 // Ensures all Time objects start in a consistent state.
22 Time::Time() { hour = minute = second = 0; }
23
24 // Set a new Time value using military time. Perform validity
25 // checks on the data values. Set invalid values to zero.
26 void Time::setTime( int h, int m, int s )
27 {
28     hour = ( h >= 0 && h < 24 ) ? h : 0;
29     minute = ( m >= 0 && m < 60 ) ? m : 0;
30     second = ( s >= 0 && s < 60 ) ? s : 0;
31 }
32
33 // Print Time in military format
34 void Time::printMilitary()
35 {
36     cout << ( hour < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << hour << ":"
37     << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute;
38 }
39
40 // Print Time in standard format
41 void Time::printStandard()
42 {
43     cout << ( ( hour == 0 || hour == 12 ) ? 12 : hour % 12)
44     << ":" << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute
45     << ":" << ( second < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << second
46     << ( hour < 12 ? " AM" : " PM" );
47 }
48

```

لاحظ وجود :: قبل أسماء التوابع

```

1 // Driver to test simple class Time
2 int main()
3 {
4     Time t; // instantiate object t of class Time
5
6     cout << "The initial military time is ";
7     t.printMilitary();
8     cout << "\nThe initial standard time is ";
9     t.printStandard();
10
11    t.setTime( 13, 27, 6 );
12    cout << "\n\nMilitary time after setTime is ";
13    t.printMilitary();
14    cout << "\nStandard time after setTime is ";
15    t.printStandard();
16
17    t.setTime( 99, 99, 99 ); //attempt invalid settings
18    cout << "\n\nAfter attempting invalid settings:"
19         << "\nMilitary time: ";
20    t.printMilitary();
21    cout << "\nStandard time: ";
22    t.printStandard();
23    cout << endl;
24    return 0;
25 }

```

لاحظ استدعاء التتابع باستخدام المعامل (.)

:

```

The initial military time is 00:00
The initial standard time is 12:00:00 AM

Military time after setTime is 13:27
Standard time after setTime is 1:27:06 PM

After attempting invalid settings:
Military time: 00:00
Standard time: 12:00:00 AM

```

endl

\n :1

:

:2

```
hour = ( h >= 0 && h < 24 ) ? h : 0;
```

```
if ( h >= 0 && h < 24 ) hour=h; else hour=0;
```

```
:  
:3  
using std::cout;  
using std::endl;  
using namespace std; :
```

compiler

class interface

class implementation

.()

: C++

prototypes

:Header files

function

:Source-code files



Pseudocode

-1

:

-2

.1

.2

Time

```
1 // time1.h
2 // Declaration of the Time class.
3 // Member functions are defined in time1.cpp
4
5 // prevent multiple inclusions of header file
6 #ifndef TIME1_H
7 #define TIME1_H
8
9 // Time abstract data type definition
10 class Time {
11 public:
12     Time(); // constructor
13     void setTime( int, int, int ); // set hour, minute
14     void printMilitary(); // print military time
15     void printStandard(); // print standard time
16 private:
17     int hour; // 0 - 23
18     int minute; // 0 - 59
19     int second; // 0 - 59
20 };
21
22 #endif
```

نستبدل (.) بالعلامة (_) في اسم الملف

```

1 // time1.cpp
2 // Member function definitions for Time class
3 #include <iostream>
4
5 using std::cout;
6
7 #include "time1.h"
8
9 // Time constructor initializes each data member to zero.
10 // Ensures all Time objects start in a consistent state
11 Time::Time() { hour = minute = second = 0; }
12
13 // Set a new Time value using military time. Perform validity
14 // checks on the data values. Set invalid values to zero.
15 void Time::setTime( int h, int m, int s )
16 {
17     hour = ( h >= 0 && h < 24 ) ? h : 0;
18     minute = ( m >= 0 && m < 60 ) ? m : 0;
19     second = ( s >= 0 && s < 60 ) ? s : 0;
20 }
21
22 // Print Time in military format
23 void Time::printMilitary()
24 {
25     cout << ( hour < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << hour << ":"
26         << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute;
27 }
28
29 // Print time in standard format
30 void Time::printStandard()
31 {
32     cout << ( ( hour == 0 || hour == 12 ) ? 12 : hour % 12 )
33         << ":" << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute
34         << ":" << ( second < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << second
35         << ( hour < 12 ? " AM" : " PM" );
36 }

```

يستخدم الملف المصدري #include لتحميل ملف الترويسة

يتضمن الملف المصدري تعريفات التتابع

```

1 //prog using the class Time
2 // Demonstrate errors resulting from attempts
3 // to access private class members.
4 #include <iostream>
5
6 using std::cout;
7
8 #include "time1.h"
9
10 int main()
11 {
12     Time t;
13
14     // Error: 'Time::hour' is not accessible
15     t.hour = 7;
16
17     // Error: 'Time::minute' is not accessible
18     cout << "minute = " << t.minute;
19
20     return 0;
21 }

```

محاولة تعديل hour وهو عضو من أعضاء
المعطيات الخاصة private في المتحول t.

محاولة النفاذ إلى minute وهو عضو من أعضاء
المعطيات الخاصة private في المتحول t.

```

Compiling...
Fig06_06.cpp
D:\Fig06_06.cpp(15) : error C2248: 'hour' : cannot
access private
member declared in class 'Time'
D:\Fig6_06\time1.h(18) : see declaration of 'hour'
D:\Fig06_06.cpp(18) : error C2248: 'minute' : cannot
access private
member declared in class 'Time'
D:\time1.h(19) : see declaration of 'minute'
Error executing cl.exe.

test.exe - 2 error(s), 0 warning(s)

```

-1

() ()

Time

constructor

(void)

:

: constructor



return value



Time

Time()

Time

0

()

Point

:

y x

```

class Point{
public:           // public methods
    Point () { x = 0; y = 0;} // a default constructor
    Point (int x0, int y0); // a constructor
    Point(double alpha, double r); // a constructor
    void move (int dx, int dy);
    void rotate (double alpha);
    int distance (Point p);
private:
    double x, y; // private data members
};

```

:

```

int main() {
    Point p2; // call default constructor
    Point p1 (20,10),
           p3 (3.14 / 4, 2.5);
}

```

default constructor

-1

default constructor

:

Point p2;

. Point

:

constructors with arguments

-1

```
Point p1 (20,10),  
      p3 (pi / 4, 2.5);
```

.p3 p1

Default argument

-1

.C++

-

-

:

.()

argument



```
1 // time2.h
2 // Declaration of the Time class.
3 // Member functions are defined in time2.cpp
4
5 // preprocessor directives that
6 // prevent multiple inclusions of header file
7 #ifndef TIME2_H
8 #define TIME2_H
9
10 // Time abstract data type definition
11 class Time {
12 public:
13     Time( int = 0, int = 0, int = 0 ); // default
14     void setTime( int, int, int ); // set hour, minute,
15     void printMilitary(); // print military time
16     void printStandard(); // print standard time
17 private:
18     int hour; // 0 - 23
19     int minute; // 0 - 59
20     int second; // 0 - 59
21 };
22
23 #endif
```

لاحظ هنا أن القيم الافتراضية للمتحويلات الأعضاء
الثلاثة قد وضعت في ترويسة الباني. لاجابة بنا
لأسماء المتحويلات الأعضاء. تطبق القيم الافتراضية
بترتيب التصريح عن المتحويلات الأعضاء في الصف.

```

24
25 // Demonstrating a default constructor
26 // function for class Time.
27 #include <iostream>
28
29 using std::cout;
30 using std::endl;
31
32 #include "time2.h"
33
34 int main()
35 {
36     Time t1, // all arguments defaulted
37           t2(2), // minute and second defaulted
38           t3(21, 34), // second defaulted
39           t4(12, 25, 42), // all values specified
40           t5(27, 74, 99); // all bad values specified
41
42     cout << "Constructed with:\n"
43          << "all arguments defaulted:\n  ";
44     t1.printMilitary();
45     cout << "\n  ";
46     t1.printStandard();
47
48     cout << "\nhour specified; minute and second defaulted:"
49          << "\n  ";
50     t2.printMilitary();
51     cout << "\n  ";
52     t2.printStandard();
53
54     cout << "\nhour and minute specified; second defaulted:"
55          << "\n  ";
56     t3.printMilitary();
57     cout << "\n  ";
58     t3.printStandard();
59
60     cout << "\nhour, minute, and second specified:"
61          << "\n  ";
62     t4.printMilitary();
63     cout << "\n  ";
64     t4.printStandard();
65
66     cout << "\nall invalid values specified:"
67          << "\n  ";
68     t5.printMilitary();
69     cout << "\n  ";
70     t5.printStandard();
71     cout << endl;
72
73     return 0;
74 }

```

لاحظ كيفية إعطاء قيم ابتدائية للأغراض:

Constructor ObjectName (value1,value2...) ;

عند وجود نقص في عدد القيم، يعتبر المترجم كأن القيم

الافتراضية موجودة في أقصى اليمين لتكمل العدد.

:

```

OUTPUT
Constructed with:
all arguments defaulted:
    00:00
    12:00:00 AM
hour specified; minute and second defaulted:
    02:00
    2:00:00 AM
hour and minute specified; second defaulted:
    21:34
    9:34:00 PM
hour, minute, and second specified:
    12:25
    12:25:42 PM
all invalid values specified:
    00:00
    12:00:00 AM

```

عندما تخصص قيمة للساعة `hour`،
توضع القيم الافتراضية لـ `minute` و
`second` وهي 0.

-1

initilization list

C++

()

:

```

ClassName::ClassName(T1 arg1,...,Tm argm,...,Tn argn):data1(arg1),..., datan(argn)
{.....
.....}

```

data1,...,datan

T1,...Tm,...Tn

initilization list

:Rectangle :

```
Rectangle:: Rectangle(double l, double w): length(l), width(w)
{ }
```

i

.int

int i; i=1; :

int i=1; :

initialization

allocation

```
int i=1;
```

إعطاء قيمة
ابتدائية

```
int i;  
i=1;
```

حجز
ذاكرة

: initialization

:allocation

```
int num=0, round, position=2;  
.  
.  
round=7;
```

```

class Rectangle{
public:
//default constructor
Rectangle(double = 0.0, double = 0.0);

//compute rectangle measurements
double perimeter();
double area();

//data access function
double getLength();
double getWidth();

//data update function
void setSides(double l, double w);

private:
double length,width;
};
Rectangle:: Rectangle(double l, double w): length(l), width(w)
{ }

```

:

```

Rectangle:: Rectangle(double l, double w)
{ length=l;
width=w };

```

:

:

```

Rectangle(double = 0.0, double = 0.0);

```

initilization list

~"

" "

"dynamic memory management

pointers

C++

()

:Person

```

class Person{
    char name[20];
    int yearOfBirth;
public:
    void displayDetails()
    {
        cout << name << " born in "
              <<yearOfBirth << endl;
    }
    //....
};

```

إن عدم وجود الكلمة **public** أو **private** يعني ضمناً **private**

:Creature

:

-1

::

-2

:

```
class Creature
{
private:
    int yearOfBirth;
public:
    Creature()
    {
        yearOfBirth = 1970;
        cout << "Hello.";
    }
    Creature(int year){
        yearOfBirth = year;
    }
    Creature(Creature & otherCreature){
        yearOfBirth=
            otherCreature.getYearOfBirth();
    }

    void setYearOfBirth(int year)
    {
        yearOfBirth = year;
    }
    int getYearOfBirth()
    {
        return yearOfBirth;
    }
};
```

باني افتراضي.

باني النسخ لانه يستخدم للحصول على عرض ثان من نفس النمط يحتوي نفس المعطيات.

```

class Creature {
private:
    int yearOfBirth;
public:
    Creature();
    Creature(int year);
    Creature(Creature & otherCreature);
    void setYearOfBirth(int year);
    int getYearOfBirth();
};
Creature:: Creature()
{
    yearOfBirth = 1970;
    cout << "Hello.";
}
Creature:: Creature(int year){
    yearOfBirth = year;
}
Creature:: Creature(Creature& otherCreature){
    yearOfBirth= OtherCreature.getYearOfBirth();
}

void Creature::setYearOfBirth(int year){
    yearOfBirth = year;
}
int Creature::getYearOfBirth(){
    return yearOfBirth;
}

```

باني افتراضي.

باني النسخ لأنه يستخدم للحصول على غرض ثان من نفس النمط يحتوي نفس المعطيات.

باني افتراضي.

يسمى هذا الباني باني النسخ لأنه يستخدم للحصول على غرض ثان من نفس النمط يحتوي نفس المعطيات.

Creature myDog(1995); : MyDog

: (yearOfBirth)
 Creature myCat(myDog);

C++

```
const double pi=3.14;
```

.const

const

```
const Time noon( 12, 0, 0);
```

. 12

Time

noon

const

const

const

```
ReturnType FunctionName(param1,param2...) const;
```

```
ReturnType FunctionName(param1,param2...) const {...};
```

```
int A::getValue( ) const
    {return privateDataMember};
```

Time

```
1 // time5.h
2 // Declaration of the class Time.
3 // Member functions defined in time5.cpp
4 #ifndef TIME5_H
5 #define TIME5_H
6
7 class Time {
8 public:
9     Time( int = 0, int = 0, int = 0 ); // default
10
11     // set functions
12     void setTime( int, int, int ); // set time
13     void setHour( int ); // set hour
14     void setMinute( int ); // set minute
15     void setSecond( int ); // set second
16
17     // get functions (normally declared const)
18     int getHour() const; // return hour
19     int getMinute() const; // return minute
20     int getSecond() const; // return second
21
22     // print functions (normally declared const)
23     void printMilitary() const; // print military time
24     void printStandard(); // print standard time
25 private:
26     int hour; // 0 - 23
27     int minute; // 0 - 59
28     int second; // 0 - 59
29 };
30
31 #endif
```

```

32 // time5.cpp
33 // Member function definitions for Time class.
34 #include <iostream>
35
36 using std::cout;
37
38 #include "time5.h"
39
40 // Constructor function to initialize private data.
41 // Default values are 0 (see class definition).
42 Time::Time( int hr, int min, int sec )
43     { setTime( hr, min, sec ); }
44
45 // Set the values of hour, minute, and second.
46 void Time::setTime( int h, int m, int s )
47 {
48     setHour( h );
49     setMinute( m );
50     setSecond( s );
51 }
52
53 // Set the hour value
54 void Time::setHour( int h )
55     { hour = ( h >= 0 && h < 24 ) ? h : 0; }
56
57 // Set the minute value
58 void Time::setMinute( int m )
59     { minute = ( m >= 0 && m < 60 ) ? m : 0; }
60
61 // Set the second value
62 void Time::setSecond( int s )
63     { second = ( s >= 0 && s < 60 ) ? s : 0; }
64
65 // Get the hour value
66 int Time::getHour() const { return hour; }
67
68 // Get the minute value
69 int Time::getMinute() const { return minute; }
70
71 // Get the second value
72 int Time::getSecond() const { return second; }
73

```

إن الباني ليس تابعاً ثابتاً لكنه يمكن أن
يستدعى للحصول على أغراض ثابتة.

لاحظ استعمال الكلمة
المفتاحية **const** في
تعريف التابع وترويسته

لا يمكن للتتابع غير الثابتة `functions non-const` استخدام أغراض ثابتة وإن كانت لاتقوم بتعديلها مثل `printStandard`.

```
74 // Display military format time: HH:MM
75 void Time::printMilitary() const
76 {
77     cout << ( hour < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << hour << ":"
78         << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute;
79 }
80
81 // Display standard format time: HH:MM:SS AM (or PM)
82 void Time::printStandard() // should be const
83 {
84     cout << ( ( hour == 12 ) ? 12 : hour % 12 ) << ":"
85         << ( minute < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << minute << ":"
86         << ( second < 10 ? "0" : "" ) << second
87         << ( hour < 12 ? " AM" : " PM" );
88 }
89
90 // Attempting to access a const object with
91 // non-const member functions.
92 #include "time5.h"
93
94 int main()
95 {
96     Time wakeUp( 6, 45, 0 ); // non-constant object
97     const Time noon( 12, 0, 0 ); // constant object
98
99     // MEMBER FUNCTION    OBJECT
100    wakeUp.setHour( 18 ); // non-const    non-const
101
102    noon.setHour( 12 ); // non-const    const
103
104    wakeUp.getHour(); // const    non-const
105
106    noon.getMinute(); // const    const
107    noon.printMilitary(); // const    const
108    noon.printStandard(); // non-const    const
109    return 0;
110 }
```

أخطاء سيولدها المترجم.

:

```
Compiling...
Fig07_01.cpp
d:fig07_01.cpp(14) : error C2662: 'setHour' : cannot
convert 'this' pointer from 'const class Time' to
'class Time &'
Conversion loses qualifiers
d:\fig07_01.cpp(20) : error C2662: 'printStandard' :
cannot convert 'this' pointer from 'const class Time'
to 'class Time &'
Conversion loses qualifiers
Time5.cpp
Error executing cl.exe.

test.exe - 2 error(s), 0 warning(s)
```

:

```
.supplier
.client
.host
```



:



Date

Employee

```
class Employee    // maintain employee information
{
    private:
        // String (ID) and Date are supplier classes
        String name;           // employee ID (Supplier)
        Date birthDate;       // date of birth (Supplier)
        Date hireDate;        // date of hire (Supplier)
    public:
        . . .
};
```

```
Employee::Employee( char *fname ,
                    int bmonth, int bday, int byear,
                    int hmonth, int hday, int hyear)
    : birthDate( bmonth, bday, byear),
      hireDate( hmonth, hday, hyear)
```

```
1 // date1.h
2 // Declaration of the Date class.
3 // Member functions defined in date1.cpp
4 #ifndef DATE1_H
5 #define DATE1_H
6
7 class Date {
8 public:
9     Date( int = 1, int = 1, int = 1900 ); // default constructor
10    void print() const; // print date in month/day/year format
11    ~Date(); // provided to confirm destruction order
12 private:
13    int month; // 1-12
14    int day; // 1-31 based on month
15    int year; // any year
16
17    // utility function to test proper day for month and year
18    int checkDay( int );
19 };
20
21 #endif
```

```

22 // date1.cpp
23 // Member function definitions for Date class.
24 #include <iostream>
25
26 using std::cout;
27 using std::endl;
28
29 #include "date1.h"
30
31 // Constructor: Confirm proper value for month;
32 // call utility function checkDay to confirm proper
33 // value for day.
34 Date::Date( int mn, int dy, int yr )
35 {
36     if ( mn > 0 && mn <= 12 ) // validate the month
37         month = mn;
38     else {
39         month = 1;
40         cout << "Month " << mn << " invalid. Set to month 1.\n";
41     }
42
43     year = yr; // should validate yr
44     day = checkDay( dy ); // validate the day
45
46     cout << "Date object constructor for date ";
47     print(); // interesting: a print with no
48     cout << endl;
49 }
50
51 // Print Date object in form month/day/year
52 void Date::print() const
53 { cout << month << '/' << day << '/' << year; }
54
55 // Destructor: provided to confirm destruction order
56 Date::~Date()
57 {
58     cout << "Date object destructor for date ";
59     print();
60     cout << endl;
61 }
62
63 // Utility function to confirm proper day value
64 // based on month and year.
65 // Is the year 2000 a leap year?
66 int Date::checkDay( int testDay )
67 {
68     static const int daysPerMonth[ 13 ] =
69         {0, 31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31};
70
71     if ( testDay > 0 && testDay <= daysPerMonth[ month ] )
72         return testDay;
73
74     if ( month == 2 && // February: Check for leap
75         testDay == 29 &&
76         ( year % 400 == 0 ||
77           ( year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0 ) ) )
78         return testDay;

```

```

79
80     cout << "Day " << testDay << " invalid. Set to day 1.\n";
81
82     return 1; // leave object in consistent state if bad
83 }
84 // employ1.h
85 // Declaration of the Employee class.
86 // Member functions defined in employ1.cpp
87 #ifndef EMPLOY1_H
88 #define EMPLOY1_H
89
90 #include "date1.h"
91
92 class Employee {
93 public:
94     Employee( char *, char *, int, int, int, int, int, int);
95     void print() const;
96     ~Employee(); // provided to confirm destruction order
97 private:
98     char firstName[ 25 ];
99     char lastName[ 25 ];
100     const Date birthDate;
101     const Date hireDate;
102 };
103
104 #endif
105 // employ1.cpp
106 // Member function definitions for Employee class.
107 #include <iostream>
108
109 using std::cout;
110 using std::endl;
111
112 #include <cstring>
113 #include "employ1.h"
114 #include "date1.h"
115
116 Employee::Employee( char *fname, char *lname,
117                   int bmonth, int bday, int byear,
118                   int hmonth, int hday, int hyear )
119     : birthDate( bmonth, bday, byear ),
120     hireDate( hmonth, hday, hyear )
121 {
122     // copy fname into firstName and be sure that it fits
123     int length = strlen( fname );
124     length = ( length < 25 ? length : 24 );
125     strncpy( firstName, fname, length );
126     firstName[ length ] = '\0';
127
128     // copy lname into lastName and be sure that it fits
129     length = strlen( lname );
130     length = ( length < 25 ? length : 24 );
131     strncpy( lastName, lname, length );
132     lastName[ length ] = '\0';
133
134     cout << "Employee object constructor: "
135           << firstName << ' ' << lastName << endl;

```

```

136 }
137
138 void Employee::print() const
139 {
140     cout << lastName << ", " << firstName << "\nHired: ";
141     hireDate.print();
142     cout << " Birth date: ";
143     birthDate.print();
144     cout << endl;
145 }
146
147 // Destructor: provided to confirm destruction order
148 Employee::~Employee()
149 {
150     cout << "Employee object destructor: "
151         << lastName << ", " << firstName << endl;
152 }
153
154 // Demonstrating composition: an object with member objects.
155 #include <iostream>
156
157 using std::cout;
158 using std::endl;
159
160 #include "employ1.h"
161
162 int main()
163 {
164     Employee e( "Bob", "Jones", 7, 24, 1949, 3, 12, 1988 );
165
166     cout << '\n';
167     e.print();
168
169     cout << "\nTest Date constructor with invalid values:\n";
170     Date d( 14, 35, 1994 ); // invalid Date values
171     cout << endl;
172     return 0;
173 }

```

التابع print هو تابع ثابت const وسيطبع كلما جرى بناء غرض Date أو هدمه. يستطيع طباعة غرض ثابت لأنه تابع ثابت.

نحمل فقط employ.h لأن هذا الملف يحمل بدوره date.h .

:

```
Date object constructor for date 7/24/1949
Date object constructor for date 3/12/1988
Employee object constructor: Bob Jones
```

```
Jones, Bob
Hired: 3/12/1988 Birth date: 7/24/1949
```

```
Test Date constructor with invalid values:
Month 14 invalid. Set to month 1.
Day 35 invalid. Set to day 1.
Date object constructor for date 1/1/1994
```

```
Date object destructor for date 1/1/1994
Employee object destructor: Jones, Bob
Date object destructor for date 3/12/1988
Date object destructor for date 7/24/1949
```

:

char

strncpy

strlen:

.string

friend class

friend function

private

protected

(B A A B)
A C B B A)

◀
◀
◀
(C

friend

friend

◀

:

```
friend int myFunction(int x);
```

class

friend

◀

:

ClassTwo

ClassOne

◀

```
friend class ClassTwo;
```

ClassOne

```

1
2 // Friends can access private members of
3 #include <iostream>
4
5 using std::cout;
6 using std::endl;
7
8 // Modified Count class
9 class Count {
10     friend void setX( Count &, int ); // friend declaration
11 public:
12     Count() { x = 0; } // constructor
13     void print() const { cout << x << endl; } // output
14 private:
15     int x; // data member
16 };
17
18 // Can modify private data of Count because
19 // setX is declared as a friend function of Count
20 void setX( Count &c, int val )
21 {
22     c.x = val; // legal: setX is a friend of Count
23 }
24
25 int main()
26 {
27     Count counter;
28
29     cout << "counter.x after instantiation: ";
30     counter.print();
31     cout << "counter.x after call to setX friend function:
";
32     setX( counter, 8 ); // set x with a friend
33     counter.print();
34     return 0;
35 }

```

setX هو friend للصف Count (يمكنه

النفاذ للأعضاء الخاصة في Count)

setX يعرف بشكل عادي وهو ليس عضواً في Count)

يسمح بتعديل

متحول private.

:

```

counter.x after instantiation: 0
counter.x after call to setX friend function: 8

```

```

1
2 // Non-friend/non-member functions cannot access
3 // private data of a class.
4 #include <iostream>
5
6 using std::cout;
7 using std::endl;
8
9 // Modified Count class
10 class Count {
11 public:
12     Count() { x = 0; } // constructor
13     void print() const { cout << x << endl; } // output
14 private:
15     int x; // data member
16 };
17
18 // Function tries to modify private data of Count,
19 // but cannot because it is not a friend of Count.
20 void cannotSetX( Count &c, int val )
21 {
22     c.x = val; // ERROR: 'Count::x' is not accessible
23 }
24
25 int main()
26 {
27     Count counter;
28     cannotSetX( counter, 3 ); // cannotSetX is not a friend
29     return 0;
30

```

cannotSetX ليس تابعاً صديقاً. لا
يمكنه النفاذ للأعضاء الخاصة في
Count

cannotSetX يحاول تعديل متحول خاص...
(private:
int x;)

```

Compiling...
Fig07_06.cpp
D:\books\2000\cpphttp3\examples\Ch07\Fig07_06\Fig07_06.c
pp(22) :
    error C2248: 'x' : cannot access private member
declared in
    class 'Count'
        D:\books\2000\cpphttp3\examples\Ch07\Fig07_06\
        Fig07_06.cpp(15) : see declaration of 'x'
Error executing cl.exe.

test.exe - 1 error(s), 0 warning(s)

```

خطأ متوقع للمترجم
cannot access private data

```
a = 2 + 3;
assign(a, add(2,3));
```

C++

(C++'s built-in operators) C++

C++

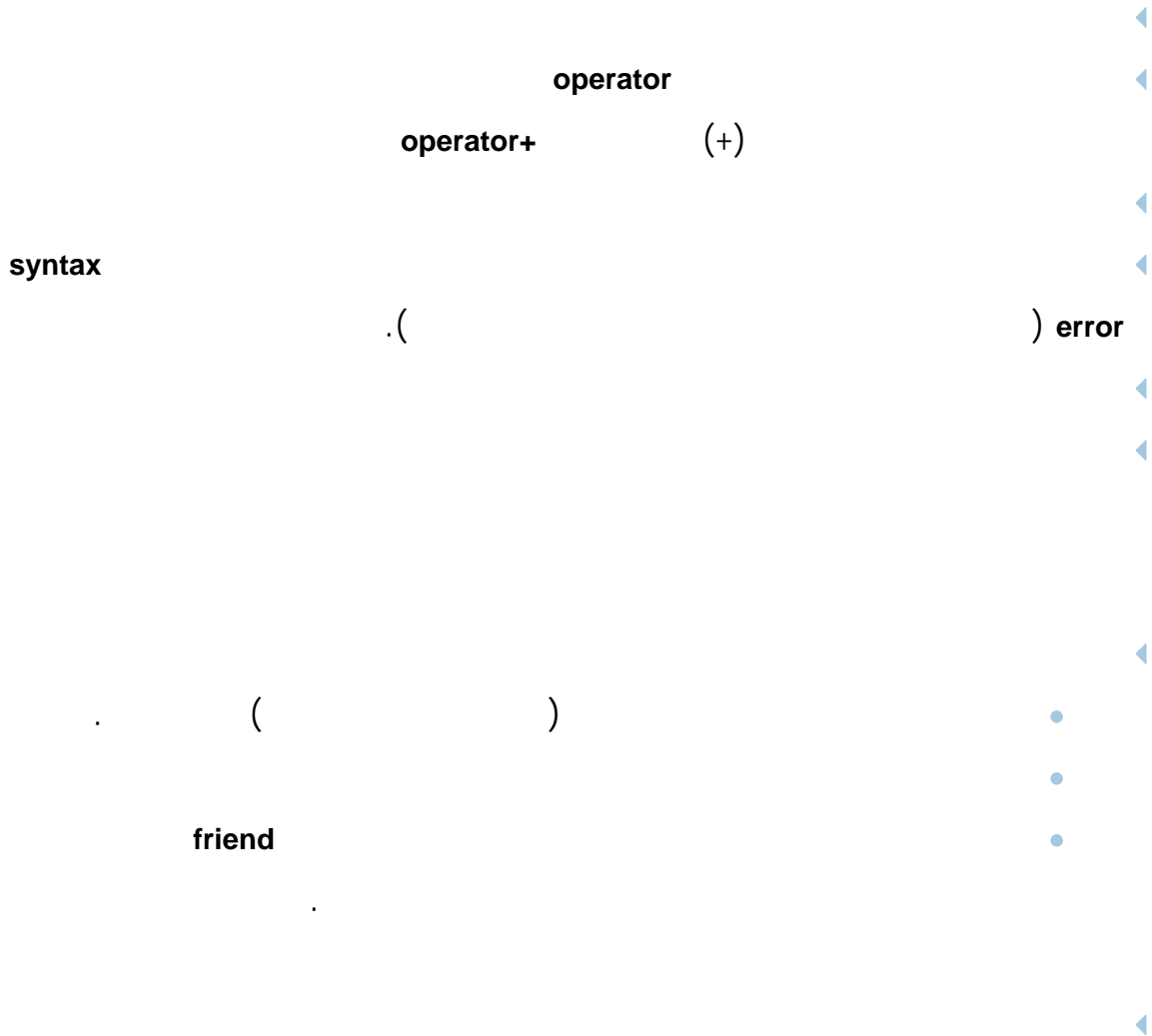
C++

+	-	*	/	%	^	&	
~	!	=	<	>	+=	-=	*=
/=	%=	^=	&=	=	<<	>>	>>=
<<=	==	!=	<=	>=	&&		++
--	->*	,	<-	[]	()	new	Delete
new []	Delete[]						

"&" "*" "-" "+"

:

::	.*	.	?:	sizeof
----	----	---	----	--------



```
HugeInteger bigInteger;
int integer;
bigInteger = integer + bigInteger; //or
bigInteger = biginteger + integer;
```

istream &

<< >>

ostream &

)

.(

```
1
2 // Overloading the stream-insertion and
3 // stream-extraction operators.
4 #include <iostream>
5
6 using std::cout;
7 using std::cin;
8 using std::endl;
9 using std::ostream;
10 using std::istream;
11
12 #include <iomanip>
13
14 using std::setw;
15
16 class PhoneNumber {
17     friend ostream &operator<<( ostream&, const PhoneNumber &);
18     friend istream &operator>>( istream&, PhoneNumber & );
19
20 private:
21     char areaCode[ 4 ]; // 3-digit area code and null
22     char exchange[ 4 ]; // 3-digit exchange and null
23     char line[ 5 ]; // 4-digit line and null
24 };
25
26 // Overloaded stream-insertion operator (cannot be
27 // a member function if we would like to invoke it with
28 // cout << somePhoneNumber;).
29 ostream &operator<<( ostream &output, const PhoneNumber &num)
30 {
31     output << "(" << num.areaCode << " ) "
32         << num.exchange << "-" << num.line;
33     return output; // enables cout << a << b << c;
34 }
35
36 istream &operator>>( istream &input, PhoneNumber &num )
37 {
```

```

38     input.ignore(); // skip (
39     input >> setw( 4 ) >> num.areaCode; // input area code
40     input.ignore( 2 ); // skip ) and space
41     input >> setw( 4 ) >> num.exchange; // input exchange
42     input.ignore(); // skip dash (-)
43     input >> setw( 5 ) >> num.line; // input line
44     return input; // enables cin >> a >> b >> c;
45 }
46
47 int main()
48 {
49     PhoneNumber phone; // create object phone
50
51     cout << "Enter phone number in the form (123) 456-7890:\n";
52
53     // cin >> phone invokes operator>> function by
54     // issuing the call operator>>( cin, phone ).
55     cin >> phone;
56
57     // cout << phone invokes operator<< function by
58     // issuing the call operator<<( cout, phone ).
59     cout << "The phone number entered was: " << phone <<endl;
60     return 0;
61 }

```

:

```

Enter phone number in the form (123) 456-7890:
(800) 555-1212
The phone number entered was: (800) 555-1212

```

:

.	Rational	.1
.	Complex	.2
.	Rectangle	.3

>>

:

.

.

. <<